

**THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF ST. THOMAS**

**BY-LAW NUMBER 139-2020**

**A by-law to establish development charges for the Corporation of the City of St. Thomas – South Block Area**

WHEREAS subsection 2(1) of the *Development Charges Act, 1997 c. 27* (hereinafter called "the Act") provides that the Council of a municipality may pass By-laws for the imposition of development charges against land for increased capital costs required because of the need for services arising from development in the area to which the by-law applies;

AND WHEREAS the Council of The Corporation of the City of St. Thomas ("City of St. Thomas") gave Notice in accordance with Section 12 of the *Development Charges Act, 1997*, of its intention to pass a by-law under Section 2 of the said Act;

AND WHEREAS the Council of the City of St. Thomas has heard all persons who applied to be heard no matter whether in objection to, or in support of, the development charge proposal at a public meeting held on October 19, 2020;

AND WHEREAS by resolution adopted by the Council of the City of St. Thomas on November 2, 2020, determined that no additional public meeting was required under Section 12 of the Act;

AND WHEREAS the Council of the City of St. Thomas had before it a report entitled *Development Charges Background Study* dated April 15, 2020, as amended on September 15, 2020 and October 13, 2020, wherein It is indicated that the development of any land within the City of St. Thomas will increase the need for services as defined herein;

AND WHEREAS the Council of the City of St. Thomas on November 2, 2020, approved the applicable *Development Charges Background Study*, in which certain recommendations were made relating to the establishment of a development charge policy for the City of St. Thomas pursuant to the *Development Charges Act, 1997*;

AND WHEREAS by resolution adopted by Council of the City of St. Thomas on November 2, 2020, Council has indicated Its intent that the future excess capacity identified in the *Development Charges Background Study*, dated April 15, 2020, as amended on September 15, 2020 and October 13, 2020 shall be paid for by development charges or other similar charges.

**NOW THEREFORE THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ST. THOMAS ENACTS AS FOLLOWS: DEFINITIONS**

**1. In this by-law,**

- (1) "Accessory Use" means that the use, building or structure or part thereof is naturally and normally incidental to or subordinate in purpose or both, and exclusively devoted to a principal use, building or structure;
- (2) "Act" means the Development Charges Act, 1997, c. 27;
- (3) "Administration Service" means any and all studies carried out by the municipality which are with respect to eligible services for which a development charge by-law may be imposed under the Development Charges Act, 1997.
- (4) "Agricultural use" means a bona fide farming operation;
- (5) "Apartment dwelling" means any dwelling unit within a building containing more than four dwelling units where the units are connected by an interior corridor. Despite the foregoing, an apartment includes stacked townhouse dwellings;
- (6) "Bedroom" means a habitable room larger than seven square metres, including a den, study, or other similar area, but does not include a living room, dining room or kitchen;
- (7) "Board of education" means a board defined in s.s. 1(1) of the Education Act, R.S.O. 1990, c.E.2;
- (8) "Building Code Act" means the Building Code Act, R.S.O. 1992, c.23;
- (9) "Capital cost" means costs incurred or proposed to be incurred by the municipality or a local board thereof directly or by others on behalf of, and as authorized by, the municipality or local board,
  - (a) to acquire land or an interest in land, including a leasehold interest;
  - (b) to improve land;
  - (c) to acquire, lease, construct or improve buildings or structures
  - (d) to acquire, lease, construct or improve facilities including,
    - i. rolling stock with an estimated useful life of seven years or more,

- ii. furniture and equipment, other than computer equipment, and
    - iii. material acquired for circulation, reference or information purposes by a library board as defined in the Public Libraries Act, R.S.O. 1990, c.P.44, and
  - (e) to undertake studies in connection with any of the matters referred to in clauses (a) to (d);
  - (f) to complete the development charge background study under Section 10 of the Act;
  - (g) interest on money borrowed to pay for costs in (a) to (d); required for provision of services designated in this by-law within or outside the municipality;
- (10) "Council" means the Council of The Corporation of the City of St. Thomas;
- (11) "Commercial" means a building used for any use other than for residential, institutional or industrial uses, and includes self-storage facilities;
- (12) "Development" means any activity or proposed activity in respect of land that requires one or more of the actions referred to in section 6 of this by-law and including the redevelopment of land or the redevelopment, expansion, extension or alteration of a use, building or structure except interior alterations to an existing building or structure which do not change or intensify the use of land;
- (13) "Development charge" means a charge imposed pursuant to this By-law;
- (14) "Dwelling unit" means a room or suite of rooms used, or designed or intended for use by, one person or persons living together, in which culinary and sanitary facilities may be provided for the exclusive use of such person or persons, including time share units;
- (15) "Farm building" means that part of a bona fide farm operation encompassing barns, silos, and other ancillary development to an agricultural use, but excluding a residential use;
- (16) "Gross floor area" means the total floor area measured from the exterior face of outside walls, or between the outside of exterior walls and the centre line of party

walls dividing the building from another building, including basements, mezzanines, and upper floors;

- (17) "Industrial Use" means lands, buildings or structures used or designed or intended for use for manufacturing, processing, fabricating or assembly of raw goods, warehousing or bulk storage of goods, excluding self-storage facilities and including office uses and the sale of commodities to the general public where such uses are accessory to an industrial use;
- (18) "Institutional" means land, buildings, structures or any part thereof used by any organization, group or association for promotion of charitable, educational or benevolent objectives and not for profit or gain. For the purposes of s.s.7(2) herein, means development of a building or structure intended for use,
- (a) as a long-term care home within the meaning of subsection 2 (1) of the Long-Term Care Homes Act, 2007;
  - (b) as a retirement home within the meaning of subsection 2 (1) of the Retirement Homes Act, 2010;
  - (c) by any of the following post-secondary institutions for the objects of the institution:
    - i. a university in Ontario that receives direct, regular and ongoing operating funding from the Government of Ontario,
    - ii. a college or university federated or affiliated with a university described in subclause (i), or
    - iii. an Indigenous Institute prescribed for the purposes of section 6 of the Indigenous Institutes Act, 2017;
  - (d) as a memorial home, clubhouse or athletic grounds by an Ontario branch of the Royal Canadian Legion; or
  - (e) as a hospice to provide end of life care;
- (19) "Local board" means a public utility commission, public library board, local board of health, or any other board, commission, committee or body or local authority established or exercising any power or authority under any general or special Act

with respect to any of the affairs or purposes of the municipality or any part or parts thereof;

- (20) "Local services" means those services or facilities which are under the jurisdiction of the municipality and are related to a plan of subdivision or within the area to which the plan relates, required as a condition of approval under s.51 of the Planning Act, or as a condition of approval under s.53 of the Planning Act;
- (21) "Multiple dwelling" means all dwellings other than single detached dwellings, semi-detached dwellings, apartment dwellings and residential care dwellings;
- (22) "Municipality" means The Corporation of the City of St. Thomas;
- (23) "Non-residential uses" means a building or structure used for other than a residential use;
- (24) "Owner" means the owner of land or a person who has made application for an approval for the development of land upon which a development charge is imposed;
- (25) "Planning Act" means the Planning Act, 1990, R.S.O. 1990, c.P.13 as amended;
- (26) "Regulation" means any regulation made pursuant to the Act;
- (27) "Rental housing" means development of a building or structure with four or more dwelling units all of which are intended for use as rented residential premises;
- (28) "Residential care dwelling" means a building used for a rest home, nursing home, group home, residential care facility, and other similar residential occupancies;
- (29) "Residential uses" means lands, buildings or structures or portions thereof used, or designed or intended for use as a home or residence of one or more individuals, and shall include a single detached dwelling, a semi-detached dwelling, a multiple dwelling, an apartment dwelling, a residential care dwelling, and the residential portion of a mixed-use building or structure;
- (30) "Semi-detached dwelling" means a building that is divided vertically into two dwelling units each of which has an independent entrance or an entrance through a common vestibule and which building has no access directly between the two units;

- (31) "Services" means services or classes of service set out in Schedule "A" to this By-law;
- (32) "Single detached dwelling" means a completely detached building containing only one dwelling unit; and
- (33) "Stacked townhouse dwelling" means two townhouse dwellings, one on top of each other;

## **2. Calculation of Development Charges**

- (1) Subject to the provisions of the By-law, development charges against land shall be imposed calculated and collected in accordance with the base rates set out in Schedule "B", which relate to the services set out in Schedule "A"
- (2) The development charge with respect to the uses of any land, building or structure shall be calculated as follows:
  - (a) in the case of residential development or redevelopment, or the residential portion of a mixed use development or redevelopment, as the sum of the product of the number of dwelling units of each type multiplied by the corresponding total amount for such dwelling unit type, as set out in Schedule "B";
  - (b) in the case of non-residential development or redevelopment, or the non-residential portion of a mixed use development or redevelopment, as the sum of the product of the gross floor area multiplied by the corresponding total amount for such gross floor area as set out in Schedule "B".
- (3) Council hereby determines that the development or redevelopment of land, buildings, or structures for residential and non-residential uses will require the provision, enlargement or expansion of the services referenced in Schedule "A".

## **Phasing of Development Charges**

- 3. No phasing of the development charges imposed pursuant to this by-law are proposed.

## **4. Applicable Lands**

- (1) Subject to Section 5, this by-law applies to all lands in the municipality, whether or not the land or use is exempt from taxation under Section 3 of the Assessment Act, R.S.O.1990, c.A.31.
- (2) This by-law shall not apply to land that is owned by and used for the purposes of:
- (a) a board of education;
  - (b) any municipality or local board thereof;
  - (c) a hospital under the Public Hospitals Act;
  - (d) a college or university;
  - (e) a cemetery or place of worship;
  - (f) an industrial use; and
  - (g) The creation of a second dwelling unit in prescribed classes of proposed new residential buildings, including structures ancillary to dwellings, subject to the following restrictions:

Item	Name of Class of Proposed New Residential Buildings	Description of Class of Proposed New Residential Buildings	Restrictions
1.	Proposed new detached dwellings	Proposed new residential buildings that would not be attached to other buildings and that are permitted to contain a second dwelling unit, that being either of the two dwelling units, if the units have the same gross floor area, or the smaller of the dwelling units.	The proposed new detached dwelling must only contain two dwelling units.  The proposed new detached dwelling must be located on a parcel of land on which no other detached dwelling, semi-detached dwelling or row dwelling would be located.
2.	Proposed new semi-detached dwellings or row dwellings	Proposed new residential buildings that would have one or two vertical walls, but no other parts, attached to other buildings and that are permitted to contain a second dwelling unit, that being either of the two dwelling units, if the units have the same gross floor area, or the smaller of the dwelling units.	The proposed new semi-detached dwelling or row dwelling must only contain two dwelling units.  The proposed new semi-detached dwelling or row dwelling must be located on a parcel of land on which no other detached dwelling, semi-detached dwelling or row dwelling would be located.
3.	Proposed new residential buildings that would be ancillary to a proposed new detached dwelling, semi-detached dwelling or row dwelling	Proposed new residential buildings that would be ancillary to a proposed new detached dwelling, semi-detached dwelling or row dwelling and that are permitted to contain a single dwelling unit.	The proposed new detached dwelling, semi-detached dwelling or row dwelling, to which the proposed new residential building would be ancillary, must only contain one dwelling unit.  The gross floor area of the dwelling unit in the proposed new residential building must be equal to or less than the gross floor area of the detached dwelling, semi-detached dwelling or row dwelling to which the proposed new residential building is ancillary.

## **5. Rules with Respect to Exemptions for Intensification of Existing Housing**

- (1) Notwithstanding Section 4 above, no development charge shall be imposed with respect to developments or portions of developments as follows:
  - (a) the enlargement of an existing residential dwelling unit;
  - (b) the creation of one or two additional residential dwelling units in an existing, or ancillary to, a single detached dwelling where the total gross floor area of the additional unit(s) does not exceed the gross floor area of the existing dwelling unit;
  - (c) the creation of one additional dwelling unit in any other existing residential building or ancillary structure provided the gross floor area of the additional unit does not exceed the smallest existing dwelling unit already in the building;
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection 5(1)(b), development charges shall be calculated and collected in accordance with Schedule "B" where the total residential gross floor area of the additional one or two dwelling units is greater than the total gross floor area of the existing single detached dwelling unit.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection 5(1)(c), development charges shall be calculated and collected in accordance with Schedule "B" where the additional dwelling unit has a residential gross floor area greater than,
  - (a) in the case of semi-detached house or multiple dwelling, the gross floor area of the existing dwelling unit, and
  - (b) in the case of any other residential building, the residential gross floor area of the smallest existing dwelling unit.

## **6. Development Charges Imposed**

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), development charges shall be calculated and collected in accordance with the provisions of this by-law and be imposed on land to be developed for residential and non-residential uses, where, the development requires,



- (a) the passing of a zoning by-law or an amendment thereto under Section 34 of the Planning Act;
  - (b) the approval of a minor variance under Section 45 of the Planning Act;
  - (c) a conveyance of land to which a by-law passed under subsection 50(7) of the Planning Act applies;
  - (d) the approval of a plan of subdivision under Section 51 of the Planning Act;
  - (e) a consent under Section 53 of the Planning Act;
  - (f) the approval of a description under Section 9 of the Condominium Act, R.S.O. 1998, S.O.1998, c.19; or
  - (g) the issuing of a permit under the Building Code Act, in relation to a building or structure.
- (2) Subsection (1) shall not apply in respect to
- (a) local services installed or paid for by the owner within a plan of subdivision or within the area to which the plan relates, as a condition of approval under Section 51 of the Planning Act;
  - (b) local services installed or paid for by the owner as a condition of approval under Section 53 of the Planning Act.

### **Local Service Installation**

7. Nothing in this by-law prevents Council from requiring, as a condition of an agreement under Section 51 or 53 of the Planning Act that the owner, at his or her own expense, shall install or pay for such local services, within the Plan of Subdivision or within the area to which the plan relates, as Council may require.

### **8. Multiple Charges**

- (1) Where two or more of the actions described in subsection 6(1) are required before land to which a development charge applies can be developed, only one development charge shall be calculated and collected in accordance with the provisions of this by-law.

- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), if two or more of the actions described in subsection 6(1) occur at different times, and if the subsequent action has the effect of Increasing the need for municipal services as set out in Schedule "A", an additional development charge on the additional residential units and additional gross floor area shall be calculated and collected In accordance with the provisions of this by-law.

## **9. Services in Lieu**

- (1) Council may authorize an owner, through an agreement under Section 38 of the Act, to substitute such part of the development charge applicable to the owner's development as may be specified in the agreement, by the provision at the sole expense of the owner, of services in lieu. Such agreement shall further specify that where the owner provides services in lieu in accordance with the agreement, Council shall give to the owner a credit against the development charge in accordance with the agreement provisions and the provisions of Section 39 of the Act, equal to the reasonable cost to the owner of providing the services in lieu. In no case shall the agreement provide for a credit which exceeds the total development charge payable by an owner to the municipality in respect of the development to which the agreement relates.
- (2) In any agreement under subsection (1), Council may also give a further credit to the owner equal to the reasonable cost of providing the services in addition to, or of a greater size of capacity, than would be required under this by-law.
- (3) The credit provided for in subsection (2) shall not be charged to any development charge reserve fund.

## **Rules with Respect to Redevelopment**

10. In the case of the demolition or conversion of all or part of a residential or non-residential building or structure:

- (1) a credit shall be allowed, provided that the land was improved by occupied structures (or structures capable of occupancy) within the five years prior to the issuance of the building permit, and the building permit has been issued for the development or redevelopment within five years from the date the demolition or change of use permit has been issued; and

- (2) if a development or redevelopment involves the demolition of and replacement of a building or structure or conversion of a building or structure, a credit shall be allowed equivalent to:
  - (a) in the case of residential redevelopment, the number of dwelling units demolished or converted multiplied by the applicable residential development charge in place at the time the development charge is payable,
  - (b) in the case of non-residential, the amount of gross floor area demolished or converted multiplied by applicable development charge in place at the time the development charge is payable.
- (3) A credit can, in no case, exceed the amount of the development charge that would otherwise be payable, and
- (4) (2) No credit is available for the redevelopment of an industrial use.

#### **11. Timing and Calculation of Payment**

- (1) Development charges shall be calculated and payable in full in money or by provision of services as may be agreed upon, or by credit granted under the Act, on the date that the first building permit is issued in relation to a building or structure on land to which a development charge applies.
- (2) Where development charges apply to land in relation to which a building permit is required, the building permit shall not be issued until the development charge has been paid in full.
- (3) Notwithstanding Subsections 11.(1), the development charges shall be payable with respect to an approval of a plan of subdivision upon registration of the plan of subdivision.
- (4) Notwithstanding Subsections 11.(1), 11.(2) and 11.(3), Development Charges for rental housing and institutional developments are due and payable in 6 installments commencing with the first installment payable on the date of occupancy, and each subsequent installment, including interest, payable on the anniversary date each year thereafter.
- (5) Notwithstanding Subsection 11.(1), 11.(2) and 11.(3), Development Charges for non-profit housing developments are due and payable in 21 installments commencing with the first installment payable on the date of occupancy, and each

subsequent installment, including interest, payable on the anniversary date each year thereafter;

- (6) Where the development of land results from the approval of a Site Plan or Zoning By-law Amendment received on or after January 1, 2020, and the approval of the application occurred within 2 years of building permit issuance, the Development Charges under Subsections 11.(1), 11.(2), 11.(3), 11.(4), and 11.(5) shall be calculated on the rates set out in Schedule "A" on the date of the planning application, including interest. Where both planning applications apply Development Charges under Subsections 11.(1), 11.(2), 11.(3), 11.(4), and 11.(5) shall be calculated on the rates, including interest, set out in Schedule "B" on the date of the later planning application, including interest.
- (7) Interest for the purposes of Subsections 11.(3), 11.(4), and 11.(5), interest shall be determined as the prime lending rate.

## **12. Reserve Funds**

- (1) Monies received from payment of development charges under this by-law shall be maintained in separate reserve funds as per the listing of services in Schedule "A".
- (2) Where more than one capital project underlying the service category referred to in subsection (1) has been sufficiently completed, whether at the same time or at a later date, reimbursement to the involved parties will be provided on the proportionate basis of the costs of the works completed. In order for capital projects to be deemed sufficiently complete, the works will be subject to review and approval of the Director, Environmental Services & City Engineer.
- (3) Monies received for the payment of development charges shall be used only in accordance with the provisions of Section 35 of the Act.
- (4) Where any development charge, or part thereof, remains unpaid after the due date, the amount unpaid shall be added to the tax roll and shall be collected as taxes.
- (5) Where any unpaid development charges are collected as taxes under subsection (4), the monies so collected shall be credited to the development charge reserve funds referred to in subsection (1).

- (6) The Treasurer of the Municipality shall, in each year, furnish to Council a statement in respect of the reserve funds established hereunder for the prior year, containing the information set out in Section 12 of O.Reg. 82198.
- (7) The Wastewater Services (UEA 4B Only) Reserve Fund has been established to replace a section of wastewater sewer at the intersection of Fairview Avenue and Axford Parkway which may not be required. If the replacement of the sewer is not required, subject to the review and approval of the Director, Environmental Services, & City Engineer, then the monies collected to date in the fund shall be refunded to the contributing developer(s) with interest in accordance with Section 13(2) of the By-Law

### **13. By-Law Amendment or Appeal**

- (1) Where this by-law or any development charge prescribed hereunder is amended or repealed either by order of the Ontario Municipal Board or by resolution of the Municipal Council, the Municipal Treasurer shall calculate forthwith the amount of any overpayment to be refunded as a result of said amendment or repeal.
- (2) Refunds that are required to be paid under subsection (1) shall be paid with interest to be calculated as follows:
  - (a) Interest shall be calculated from the date on which the overpayment was collected to the date on which the refund is paid;
  - (b) The Bank of Canada interest rate in effect on the date of enactment of this by-law shall be used.
- (3) Refunds that are required to be paid under subsection (1) shall include the interest owed under this section.

### **By-Law Indexing**

14. The development charges set out in Schedule "B" to this by-law shall be adjusted annually on April 1st, without amendment to this by-law, in accordance with the most recent twelve month change in the Statistics Canada Non-Residential Building Construction Price Index for Toronto"

### **Severability**

15. In the event any provision, or part thereof, of this by-law is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be ultra vires, such provision, or part thereof, shall be deemed to be severed, and the remaining portion of such provision and all other provisions of this by-law shall remain in full force and effect.

### **Headings for Reference Only**

16. The headings inserted in this by-law are for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the construction of interpretation of this by-law.

### **By-Law Registration**

17. A certified copy of this by-law may be registered on title to any land to which this by-law applies.

### **By-Law Administration**

18. This by-law shall be administered by the Municipal Treasurer.

### **Schedules to the By-Law**

19. The following Schedules to this by-law form an integral part of this by-law:

Schedule "A" – Designated Municipal Services/Classes

Schedule "B" – Schedule of Area-Specific Development Charges

Schedule "C" Map of South Block

### **Existing By-law Repeal**

20. By-law 82-2015 is repealed effective on November 3, 2020.

### **Date By-law Effective**

21. This By-law shall come into force and effect on November 3, 2020.


### **Date By-Law Expires**

22. This by-law will expire five years after the effective date of this by-law, unless it is repealed by Council at an earlier date.

**Short Title**


23. This by-law may be cited as the "City of St. Thomas Development Charge By-law – South Block Area, 2020."

Passed by the Council this 2nd day of November, 2020.



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Joe Preston, Mayor



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Maria Konefal, City Clerk

**SCHEDULE "A"**  
**TO BY-LAW XX-2020**

**DESIGNATED SERVICES/CLASSES OF SERVICES UNDER THIS BY-LAW**

- **South Block - Sub Area 1**
  - Administration
  - Wastewater
  - Water
- **South Block - Sub Area 2**
  - Administration
  - Roads
  - Wastewater
  - Water
- **South Block - Sub Area 3**
  - Administration
  - Wastewater
  - Water
- **South Block - Sub Area 4**
  - Water
- **South Block - Urban Expansion Area 3**
  - Administration
  - Wastewater
  - Water
- **South Block - Urban Expansion Area 4A**
  - Administration
  - Wastewater
  - Water
- **South Block - Urban Expansion Area 4B**
  - Administration
  - Wastewater
  - Water



**SCHEDULE "B"**  
**TO BY-LAW 139 - 2020**  
**SCHEDULE OF DEVELOPMENT CHARGES FOR THE SOUTH BLOCK AREA**

Service	RESIDENTIAL				
	Single and Semi-Detached Dwelling	Apartments - 2 Bedrooms +	Apartments - Bachelor and 1 Bedroom	Other Multiples	Residential Care (per bed)
<b>South Block - Sub Area 1</b>					
Administration	5	3	2	4	2
Roads	-	-	-	-	-
Wastewater	942	591	378	756	382
Water	709	444	285	569	287
<b>Total - South Block - Sub Area 1</b>	<b>1,655</b>	<b>1,038</b>	<b>665</b>	<b>1,329</b>	<b>671</b>
<b>South Block - Sub Area 2</b>					
Administration	5	3	2	4	2
Roads	83	52	33	66	34
Wastewater	1,289	808	518	1,034	523
Water	728	456	292	584	295
<b>Total - South Block - Sub Area 2</b>	<b>2,104</b>	<b>1,319</b>	<b>845</b>	<b>1,688</b>	<b>854</b>
<b>South Block - Sub Area 3</b>					
Administration	4	3	2	4	2
Wastewater	1,184	742	476	950	480
Water	819	513	329	657	332
<b>Total - South Block - Sub Area 3</b>	<b>2,007</b>	<b>1,258</b>	<b>807</b>	<b>1,611</b>	<b>814</b>
<b>South Block - Sub Area 4</b>					
Wastewater	-	-	-	-	-
Water	187	117	75	150	76
<b>Total - South Block - Sub Area 4</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>76</b>
<b>South Block - Urban Expansion Area 3</b>					
Administration	5	3	2	4	2
Wastewater	376	236	151	302	152
Water	749	469	301	601	304
<b>Total - South Block - Urban Expansion Area 3</b>	<b>1,129</b>	<b>708</b>	<b>454</b>	<b>907</b>	<b>458</b>
<b>South Block - Urban Expansion Area 4A</b>					
Administration	3	2	1	3	1
Wastewater	1,019	639	409	818	413
Water	755	473	303	606	306
<b>Total - South Block - Urban Expansion Area 4A</b>	<b>1,777</b>	<b>1,114</b>	<b>713</b>	<b>1,427</b>	<b>720</b>
<b>South Block - Urban Expansion Area 4B</b>					
Administration	-	-	-	-	-
Wastewater	-	-	-	-	-
Water	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total - South Block - Urban Expansion Area 4B</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

SCHEDULE "C"  
TO BY-LAW 139 - 2020  
MAP OF SOUTH BLOCK AREA

